according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Ertugliflozin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral)

: Category 2 (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate)

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, han-

dling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentra-

tions in air.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

### Other hazards

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

# **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Cellulose	9004-34-6	>= 50 - < 70
Ertugliflozin	1210344-83-4	>= 5 - < 10
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

# **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust 50 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)

Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and par-

ticulates

10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)

Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)

Basis: CAL PEL

Components CAS-No. Value type Control parame- Basis

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

		(Form of exposure)	ters / Permissible concentration	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
		TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
Ertugliflozin	1210344-83- 4	TWA	10 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1

This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Titanium dioxide

**Engineering measures** 

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

# Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

# **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : No data available

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017 6.2

Relative vapor density Not applicable

Relative density No data available

No data available Density

Solubility(ies)

No data available Water solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size No data available

### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

# **Product:**

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Assessment : No skin irritation
Method : EpiDerm
Result : Not corrosive

**Components:** 

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Result : Corrosive

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

**Components:** 

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Result : Severe irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not

contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

**OSHA**No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

# Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

### Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Ertugliflozin:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed. No significant adverse effects were reported

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight Remarks: Adverse developmental effects were observed

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

# STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

# STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Stomach, Prostate) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

# **Components:**

# **Ertugliflozin:**

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Kidney, Stomach, Prostate

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

# Repeated dose toxicity

# **Components:**

# Cellulose:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 9,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

# **Ertugliflozin:**

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 d

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 d
Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Rat LOAEL : 25 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 180 d

Target Organs : Kidney, Bone, Stomach

Species : Rat LOAEL : 25 mg/kg Exposure time : 90 d

Target Organs : Kidney, Gastrointestinal tract, Prostate

Species : Dog NOAEL : 150 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Exposure time : 270 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 d

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 28 d
Target Organs : Bone

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat NOAEL : 10 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 y

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Ingestion : Symptoms: The most common side effects are:, Headache,

constipation, Diarrhea, Nausea, urinary tract infection, muscle

pain, upper respiratory tract infection

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 77 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

plants Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 50

mq/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.14 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

Biodegradation: 40.8 % Exposure time: 28 d

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Components:

Ertugliflozin:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.47

Mobility in soil

**Components:** 

**Ertugliflozin:** 

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

Other adverse effects

No data available

log Koc: 2.88

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# **International Regulations**

**UNRTDG** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation** 

**49 CFR** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

# SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Combustible dust

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### **US State Regulations**

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

Cellulose 9004-34-6 D-Glucose, 4-O- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl-, monohydrate 64044-51-5 Ertugliflozin 1210344-83-4

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# **California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants**

Cellulose 9004-34-6

# The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

# **Further information**

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

### NFPA 704:

# Flammability Health 3 O Instability

Special hazard

# HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CAL PEL : California permissible exposure limits for chemical contami-

nants (Title 8, Article 107)

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Pre-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



# **Ertugliflozin Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 09/30/2023 6.2 09/28/2024 2337987-00017 Date of first issue: 12/13/2017

vention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 09/28/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8