

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Tulathromycin Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 05/16/2024
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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name		Tulathromycin Formulation
Other means of identification	:	AROVYN INJECTABLE SOLUTION (90779)

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier	:	Merck & Co., Inc
Address	:	126 E. Lincoln Avenue
		Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone	:	908-740-4000
Emergency telephone	:	1-908-423-6000
E-mail address	:	EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	:	Veterinary product
Restrictions on use	:	Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Skin irritation	:	Category 2
Serious eye damage	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral)	:	Category 1 (Liver, Eye)
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal Word	:	Danger
Hazard Statements	:	 H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs (Liver, Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Precautionary Statements	:	Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.





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		and understood P260 Do not br P264 Wash ski P270 Do not ea P272 Contamin the workplace.	eathe mist or vapors. In thoroughly after handling. It, drink or smoke when using this product. ated work clothing must not be allowed out of tective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection
		P305 + P351 + water for severa and easy to do. CENTER. P308 + P313 IF P333 + P313 If tion.	F ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with al minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical atten- ake off contaminated clothing and wash it before
		Storage: P405 Store lock	ked up.
		Disposal: P501 Dispose o disposal plant.	of contents and container to an approved waste
	e r hazards e known.		
SECTION	3. COMPOSITION/IN	IFORMATION ON ING	REDIENTS
Subs	tance / Mixture	: Mixture	

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	50
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	10
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	<= 3
Citric acid	77-92-9	2
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	<= 1
3-Mercaptopropane-1,2-diol	96-27-5	0.5

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
		When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.



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In case of skin contact		for at leas and shoe Get medi Wash clo	for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.			
In case of eye contact		: In case o for at leas If easy to	Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.			
If swallowed		: If swallow Get medi	Get medical attention immediately. If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.			
and	st important symptoms I effects, both acute and ayed	: Causes s May caus Causes s Suspecte Causes c	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated			
	tection of first-aiders es to physician	: First Aid and use t when the	 exposure if swallowed. First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8). Treat symptomatically and supportively. 			
INU	es to privsiciali	. neat syn	iptomatically and supportively.			

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing		Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical None known.
media		
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	Carbon oxides Chlorine compounds Metal oxides
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :		Use personal protective equipment.	
tive equipment and emer-		Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and persona	
gency procedures		protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid release to the environment.	



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				Prevent spreading oil barriers). Retain and dispos	akage or spillage if safe to do so. g over a wide area (e.g., by containment or se of contaminated wash water. should be advised if significant spillages ed.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		:	For large spills, procontainment to kee can be pumped, so container. Clean up remaining absorbent. Local or national re disposal of this more employed in the co determine which re Sections 13 and 1	t absorbent material. rovide diking or other appropriate ep material from spreading. If diked material store recovered material in appropriate ng materials from spill with suitable regulations may apply to releases and aterial, as well as those materials and items leanup of releases. You will need to egulations are applicable. 5 of this SDS provide information regarding tional requirements.	

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling		Do not get on skin or clothing.
Ū.		Do not breathe mist or vapors.
		Do not swallow.
		Do not get in eyes.
		Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
		Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
		practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure
		assessment
		Keep container tightly closed.
		Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
		Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
		environment.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep in properly labeled containers.
		Store locked up.
		Keep tightly closed.
		Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid	:	Do not store with the following product types:
		Strong oxidizing agents
		Self-reactive substances and mixtures
		Organic peroxides
		Explosives
		Gases



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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m ³	US WEEL
Tulathromycin	217500-96-4	TWA	300 µg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
	Further inform	ation: DSEN		
		Wipe limit	100 µg/100 cm2	Internal
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	С	2 ppm	ACGIH
		С	5 ppm 7 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		С	5 ppm 7 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	С	2 mg/m ³	ACGIH
		С	2 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	2 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
Hand protection		
Material	:	Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks Eye protection	:	Consider double gloving. Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a



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Skin a	and body protection	 potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, minaerosols. Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based up task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gaunt disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. 					
Hygiene measures		Use appropriate contaminated cl : If exposure to c eye flushing sys working place. When using do Contaminated v	degowning techniques to remove potentially				
		The effective op engineering cor appropriate deg	ated clothing before re-use. beration of a facility should include review of htrols, proper personal protective equipment, lowning and decontamination procedures, he monitoring, medical surveillance and the rative controls.				

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	Colorless to pale yellow
Odor	:	slight
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	5.1 - 5.7
Melting point/freezing point	:	374 - 378 °F / 190 - 192 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available



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Rela	ative vapor density	:	No data available	9
Rela	Relative density		No data available)
Den	sity	:	1.07 g/cm ³	
	ıbility(ies) Vater solubility	:	> 1,000 mg/l	
	ition coefficient: n- nol/water	:	log Pow: -1.41	
	bignition temperature	:	No data available	2
Dec	omposition temperature	:	No data available)
	osity /iscosity, kinematic	:	No data available	9
Exp	losive properties	:	Not explosive	
Oxic	lizing properties	:	The substance o	r mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Mole	ecular weight	:	806.09 g/mol	
	icle characteristics icle size	:	Not applicable	

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Stable under normal conditions. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials Hazardous decomposition products		None known. Oxidizing agents No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity

: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg



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ersion)	Revision Date: 07/06/2024	SDS Number: 5297468-00013	Date of last issue: 05/16/2024 Date of first issue: 11/13/2019
		Method: Cal	culation method
Acute	e dermal toxicity		y estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg culation method
<u>Com</u>	oonents:		
Propy	ylene glycol:		
Acute	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat):	22,000 mg/kg
Acute	inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): Exposure tir Test atmosp	
Acute	e dermal toxicity	•	it): > 2,000 mg/kg : The substance or mixture has no acute dermal
Tulat	hromycin:		
Acute	oral toxicity		> 1,000 mg/kg ns: Gastrointestinal tract
			> 2,000 mg/kg ns: Gastrointestinal tract
Acute	e dermal toxicity		it): > 2,000 mg/kg ns: Gastrointestinal tract
Hydro	ochloric acid:		
Acute inhalation toxicity		: LC50 (Rat): Exposure tir Test atmosp	
Citric	acid:		
	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Mous	e): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute	e dermal toxicity		> 2,000 mg/kg CD Test Guideline 402 : The substance or mixture has no acute dermal
II Sodiu	ım hydroxide:		
	inhalation toxicity	: Assessment	: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
3-Mei	rcaptopropane-1,2-d	iol:	
Acute	oral toxicity	: LD50 (Rat):	648 mg/kg
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabb	it): 673 mg/kg





ersion .0	Revision Date: 07/06/2024	-	OS Number: 97468-00013	Date of last issue: 05/16/2024 Date of first issue: 11/13/2019	
	corrosion/irritation				
	es skin irritation.				
<u>Com</u>	ponents:				
	ylene glycol:				
Speci Metho		÷	Rabbit OECD Test Guide	aline 404	
Resu		:	No skin irritation	511111111111111111111111111111111111111	
	hromycin:				
Speci Resu		:	Rabbit No skin irritation		
Nesu	it.	•	NO SKIT ITTALION		
Hydro	ochloric acid:				
Speci	ies	:		nan epidermis (RhE)	
Metho	DO	:	OECD Test Guide	eline 431	
Resu	lt	:	Corrosive after 3	minutes or less of exposure	
	acid:				
Speci Metho		:	Rabbit OECD Test Guide	line 404	
Resu		÷	No skin irritation		
Sodiı	um hydroxide:				
Resu		:	Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure		
3-Me	rcaptopropane-1,2-diol	:			
Species		:	Rabbit		
Resu	lt	:	Skin irritation		
	ous eye damage/eye irri	tati	on		
	es serious eye damage.				
	ponents:				
	ylene glycol:		Data		
Speci Resu		÷	Rabbit No eye irritation		
Metho	· .	:	OECD Test Guide	eline 405	
Tulat	hromycin:				
Speci		:	Rabbit	4	
Resu	It	:	Irreversible effects	s on the eye	
-	ochloric acid:				
Speci	ies	:	Bovine cornea		



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Meth	od	:	OECD Test Gui	deline 437
Resu	ılt	:	Irreversible effect	cts on the eye
Citric	c acid:			
Spec	sies	:	Rabbit	
Resu Meth		:	Irritation to eyes OECD Test Guid	, reversing within 21 days
Intern	ou	•	OECD Test Gui	deline 405
	um hydroxide:		land the state of the	
Resu Rema		:	Irreversible effect Based on skin c	
Interne		•	Dased off skill c	onosivity.
	rcaptopropane-1,2-d		D 11 1	
Spec Resu		:	Rabbit	, reversing within 21 days
		•	initiation to cyco	, reversing within 21 days
Resp	piratory or skin sensi	itizatio	n	
Skin	sensitization			
May	cause an allergic skin	reactio	on.	
Resp	piratory sensitization			
Not c	classified based on ava	ailable	information.	
<u>Com</u>	ponents:			
Prop	ylene glycol:			
	Туре	:	Maximization Te	est
_	es of exposure	:	Skin contact	
Spec Resu		:	Guinea pig negative	
		•	noguivo	
	thromycin:			
	Type es of exposure	:	Maximization Te	est
Spec		:	Skin contact Guinea pig	
Asse	ssment	:	May cause sens	sitization by skin contact.
Resu	ılt	:	Causes sensitiz	ation.
Hydr	ochloric acid:			
Test	Туре	:	Maximization Te	est
Rout	es of exposure	:	Skin contact	
Spec Meth		:	Guinea pig OECD Test Gui	deline 406
Resu		:	negative	
Sadi	um hydroxide:			
Test	•		Human repeat in	nsult patch test (HRIPT)
1631	. 160	•	i unun iopeat li	



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Routes of exposure Result		: Skin contact : negative			
Test	es of exposure lies od		node assay (LLNA) Guideline 429		
Asses	ssment	: Probability or rate in humar	evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization		
Not c	n cell mutagenicity lassified based on avai ponents:	lable information.			
	ylene glycol: toxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ba Result: negat	acterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) ive		
			hromosome aberration test in vitro D Test Guideline 473 ive		
Geno	toxicity in vivo	cytogenetic a Species: Mou	use oute: Intraperitoneal injection		
Tulat	hromycin:				
	toxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ba Result: negat	acterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) ive		
		Test Type: C Result: negat	nromosome aberration test in vitro ive		
Geno	toxicity in vivo	: Test Type: M cytogenetic a Species: Rat Result: negat			
	cell mutagenicity -	: Weight of evi cell mutagen.	dence does not support classification as a germ		
Hvdr	ochloric acid:				
	toxicity in vitro	assay (in vitro	Test Type: Saacharomyces cerevisiae, miotic recombinatior assay (in vitro) Result: negative		



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II				
	c acid:			
	otoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacte Result: negative	rial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
			Test Type: in vitr Result: positive	o micronucleus test
			Test Type: Bacte Result: negative	rial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Genc	otoxicity in vivo	:	cytogenetic test, Species: Rat Application Route	genicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow chromosomal analysis) e: Ingestion
			Result: negative	
3-Me	rcaptopropane-1,2-di	ol:		
	otoxicity in vitro	:		rial reverse mutation assay (AMES) est Guideline 471
			Remarks: Based	on data from similar materials
			Method: OECD T	o mammalian cell gene mutation test Test Guideline 476
			Result: negative Remarks: Based	on data from similar materials
			Method: OECD T	nosome aberration test in vitro est Guideline 473
			Result: negative Remarks: Based	on data from similar materials
II Carc	inogenicity			
	lassified based on ava	ilable	information.	
Com	ponents:			
Prop	ylene glycol:			
Spec	ies	:	Rat	
	cation Route sure time	:	Ingestion 2 Years	
Resu		:	negative	
Tulat	thromycin:			
	inogenicity - Assess-	:	No data available	2
Hydr	ochloric acid:			
Spec		:	Rat	
	cation Route sure time	:	Inhalation 128 weeks	



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Result		:	negative	
IARC				t at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is onfirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA			this product prese regulated carcinog	nt at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is lens.
NTP				t at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is carcinogen by NTP.
-	ductive toxicity cted of damaging fertilit	ty o	r the unborn child.	
<u>Comp</u>	<u>onents:</u>			
	lene glycol:		T T T	
Effects	s on fertility	:	Species: Mouse Application Route Result: negative	eneration reproduction toxicity study
Effects	s on fetal development	:	Test Type: Embry Species: Mouse Application Route Result: negative	ro-fetal development : Ingestion
Tulath	romycin:			
	s on fertility	:	Species: Rat Application Route Fertility: NOAEL:	y/early embryonic development : Oral 100 mg/kg body weight cant adverse effects were reported
Effects	s on fetal development	:	Species: Rat Application Route General Toxicity	Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight DAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
			Application Route General Toxicity	Maternal: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight DAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight
Reproo sessm	ductive toxicity - As- ent	:		f adverse effects on sexual function and development, based on animal experiments.
Citric	acid: s on fetal development	:	Test Type: One-g	eneration reproduction toxicity study



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				Species: Rat Application Route Result: negative	: Ingestion
	3-Merc	captopropane-1,2-diol	:		
	Effects	on fertility	:	Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD To Result: negative	
	Effects	on fetal development	:	Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD To Result: negative	
I	Not cla <u>Comp</u>	single exposure Issified based on availa onents: romycin: sment	ıble :		mixture is not classified as specific target
				organ toxicant, sir	ngle exposure.
I	Assess	chloric acid: sment	:	May cause respira	atory irritation.
I	Citric a Assess		:	May cause respira	atory irritation.
	Cause	repeated exposure s damage to organs (Li <u>onents:</u>	ver,	Eye) through prolo	onged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
	Routes	romycin: s of exposure Organs sment	:	Oral Liver, Eye Shown to produce centrations of 10	e significant health effects in animals at con- mg/kg bw or less.



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ated dose toxicity		
onents:		
lene glycol:		
es	: Rat, male	
ure time	: 2 y	
nromycin:		
es	: Rat	
L	: 5 mg/kg	
es	: Dog	
toms	: Liver disorders, Eye	disease
acid:		
es	: Rat	
Ľ	: 4,000 mg/kg	
L	: 8,000 mg/kg	
ure time	: 10 Days	
captopropane-1,2-d	iol:	
es	: Rat	
ation Route		
d	: OECD Test Guideling	e 422
rks	: Based on data from s	
	ated dose toxicity onents: lene glycol: as L ation Route ure time fromycin: as L ation Route ure time Organs oms es L ation Route ure time Organs oms acid: as L ation Route ure time corgans oms acid: ation Route ure time captopropane-1,2-di as L ation Route ure time	atted dose toxicity onents: lene glycol: as : L : L : ation Route : ure time : ass : romycin: ass : ation Route : Image: Complexity ation Route : ation Route : Songans : Corgans : Songans : L : corgans : L : ation Route : Corgans : L : ass : Corgans : Liver disorders, Eye oms : Corgans : Liver, Eye oms : ation Route : ation Route : ingestion ure time : ation Route : in





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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l Exposure time: 18 h

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Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 4 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.044 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
		EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.014 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
		EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.0023 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
		EC10 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.00035 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201



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			EC50 (Synechoco 0.0028 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 Method: OECD To	2 h
			EC10 (Synechoco 0.0012 mg/l End point: Growth Exposure time: 72 Method: OECD To	2 h
Toxic	ity to microorganisms	:	EC50: 41.1 mg/l Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respir Method: OECD Te	ation inhibition of activated sludge
			EC10: 0.667 mg/l Exposure time: 3 Test Type: Respir Method: OECD To	h ation inhibition of activated sludge
Citric	c acid:			
Toxic	ity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales Exposure time: 96	s promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l S h
	ity to daphnia and other tic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 24	agna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l I h
	rcaptopropane-1,2-diol	:		
	ity to fish	:	Exposure time: 96 Method: OECD Te	
	ity to daphnia and other tic invertebrates	:	Exposure time: 48 Method: OECD Te	
Toxic plants	ity to algae/aquatic s	:	10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 Method: OECD Te	
			mg/l Exposure time: 72 Method: OECD Te	



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Toxic	ity to microorganisms	:	EC10 (activated s Exposure time: 3 Method: OECD To Remarks: Based o	h
Persi	stence and degradabili	ty		
Com	oonents:			
	ylene glycol: gradability	:	Biodegradation: 9 Exposure time: 28	98.3 %
	hromycin: gradability	:	Result: Not readily Exposure time: 29 Method: OECD To	
	a cid: gradability	:	Biodegradation: 9 Exposure time: 28	97 %
	r captopropane-1,2-diol a gradability	:	Result: Readily bi Remarks: Based o	odegradable. on data from similar materials
Bioad	cumulative potential			
Com	oonents:			
Partiti	ylene glycol: ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	log Pow: -1.07 Method: Regulatio	on (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.8
Partiti	hromycin: ion coefficient: n- ol/water	:	log Pow: -1.41 pH: 7	
Partiti octan	e acid: ion coefficient: n- ol/water		log Pow: -1.72	
Partiti	rcaptopropane-1,2-diol		log Pow: -0.84 Method: OECD To	est Guideline 117

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Mobility in soil No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
		Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG UN number		UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		(Tulathromycin)
Class	÷	9 III
Packing group Labels	:	9
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes
IATA-DGR		
UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Tulathromycin)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	÷	964
Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes
IMDG-Code		
UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		(Tulathromycin)
Class	÷	9
Packing group Labels	:	 9
EmS Code	:	9 F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	÷	yes
	•	,



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	sport in bulk accord pplicable for product a	-		RPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Dom	estic regulation			
Prope Class Packi Labe ERG	D/NA number er shipping name ing group Is Code ne pollutant		(Tulathromycir 9 III CLASS 9 171 yes(Tulathromy Above applies liters. Shipment by gr may be shipped	, ,

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	1000	100000
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	5000	166666

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Respiratory or skin sensitization Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Skin corrosion or irritation Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
US State Regulations		

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Propylene glycol



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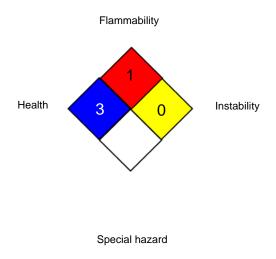
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	Water Tulathromycin Hydrochloric acid Sodium hydroxide		7732-18-5 217500-96-4 7647-01-0 1310-73-2
Calif	ornia List of Hazardous	s Substances	
	Hydrochloric acid Sodium hydroxide		7647-01-0 1310-73-2
Calif	ornia Permissible Expo	osure Limits for Che	emical Contaminants
	Hydrochloric acid Sodium hydroxide		7647-01-0 1310-73-2
Calif	ornia List of Acutely Ha	azardous Chemicals	s, Toxics and Reactives
	Hydrochloric acid		7647-01-0
The i IECS	•	duct are reported in : not determined	the following inventories:
DSL		: not determined	
AICS		: not determined	

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION







HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL	:	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants





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OSH/ OSH/		: Ceiling limit	ace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL) not be exceeded at any time. reighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amend-ments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet	:	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen- cy, http://echa.europa.eu/
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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided



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relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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